

# Precision Load Switch with Adjustable Current Limit

## DESCRIPTION

The ETAGO21 is a load switch which provides full protection to systems and loads which may encounter large current conditions. ETA6021 offers a  $95m\Omega$  current-limited switch which can operate over an input voltage range of 2.5-5.5V. The current limit can be externally programmed by a precision resistor, ranges from 75mA to 1.7A. Switch control is by a logic input (EN) capable of interfacing directly with low voltage control signals. Current is prevented from flowing when the switch is off and the output voltage is higher than the input voltage. ETA6021 also features thermal shutdown protection which shuts off the switch to prevent damage to the part when a continuous over-current condition causes excessive heating. When the switch current reaches the current limit. the parts operate in a constant-current mode to prohibit excessive currents from causing damage. The ETA6021 will not turn off after a current limit fault, but will rather remain in the constant current mode indefinitely.

ETA6021 is housed in a tiny SOT23-5L package.

## **APPLICATION**

- USB ports/Hubs
- Hot Swaps
- Cellphones
- Tablet PC
- Set Top Box
- PC motherboard
- Handheld Devices

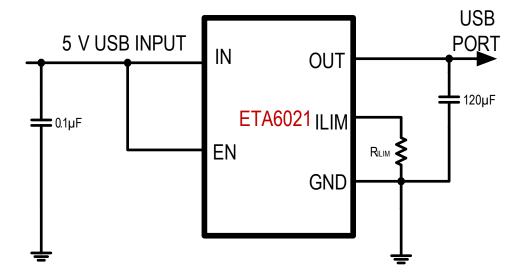
## **FEATURES**

- Up to 1.5A Max Load current
- Accurate Current-limit threshold: +/-5%
- Programmable Current-limit : 75mA to 1.7A
- Fast Over-Current Response
- Reversed Current blocking
- Thermal Shutdown, UVLO protection
- Tiny SOT23-5L Package

## DRDERING INFORMATION

PART	PACKAGE PIN	TOP MARK
ETAGO2IS2F	S0T23-5	Bx <u>YW</u> Date Code  Product Number

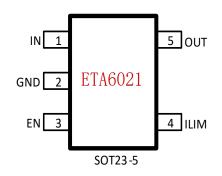
#### TYPICAL APPLICATION



www.ETAsolution.com



### PIN CONFIGURATION



### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{IN} = 5V, unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at TA = 25°C.)$ 

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	ZTINU
Input Voltage Range		2.5		5.5	V
Input UVLO	Rising, Hysteresis=25mV		2.35		V
Input Supply Current	R <sub>ILIM</sub> =20K		120		μА
Input Shutdown Current			0.5	1.5	μА
Power Switch On Resistance	I <sub>SW</sub> =500mA		95		mΩ
Lower, Paristy on Vesistance	I <sub>SW</sub> =500mA, -40°C≤T <sub>J</sub> ≤120°C			145	m $Ω$
	R <sub>ILIM</sub> =15K		1.705		A
Current limit Threshold	R <sub>ILIM</sub> =20K		1.295		A
	R <sub>ILIM</sub> =49.9K		0.525		A
Response time to Short-circuit			1		μS
Reverse-voltage Threshold	V <sub>DUT</sub> -V <sub>IN</sub>		150		mV
Reverse Leakage Current	V <sub>DUT</sub> =5.5V,Vin=DV,V <sub>EN</sub> =High		0.5	2	μА
EN Input Logic High threshold	V <sub>IN</sub> =5.5V			1	V
EN Input Logic Low threshold		0.66			V
Thermal Shutdown			160		°C
Thermal Shutdown In Current Limit			135		°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis			15		°C

## PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN#	NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	IN	Power input. Bypass with a 4.7μF capacitor to GND
2	GND	Ground
3	EN	Enable pin
4	ILIM	Current limit threshold setting pin. Connect a resistor from this pin to GND to set different current limit values
5	ОИТ	Current limit Output. Bypass with a capacitor that is greater than 120 $\mu F$ if used for USB



#### FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

The ETA6021 is a load switch which provides full protection to systems and loads which may encounter large current conditions. ETA6021 offers a  $95m\Omega$  current-limited switch which can operate over an input voltage range of 2.5-5.5V. The current limit can be externally programmed by a precision resistor, ranges from 75mA to 1.7A. ETA6021 also features reverse voltage blocking, UVLO, and thermal shutdown to protect IC from overheating.

#### CURRENT LIMITING

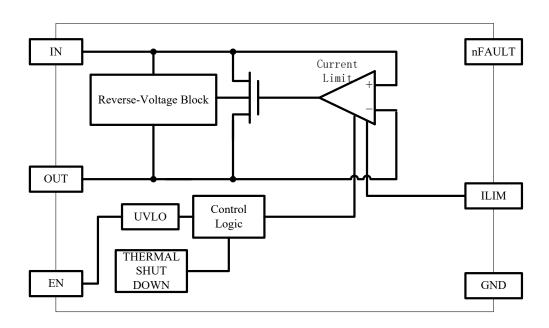
The current limit ensures that the current through the switch doesn't exceed a maximum value while not limiting at less than a minimum value. The current at which the parts will limit is adjustable through the selection of an external resistor connected to ILIM. Information for selecting the resistor is found in the Application Info section. ETA6021 thermal cycles if an overload condition is

present long enough to activate thermal limiting in any of the above cases. The device turns off when the junction temperature exceeds  $135^{\circ}C$  (t y p) while in current limit. The device remains off until the junction temperature cools  $10^{\circ}C$  (t y p) and then restarts

#### REVERSE-VOLTAGE BLOCKING

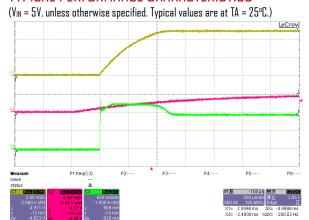
The reverse-voltage protection feature turns off the Power MOSFET whenever the output voltage exceeds the input voltage by 150mV (typ) for 4-ms (typ). This prevents damage to devices on the input side of the ETA6021 by preventing significant current from sinking into the input capacitance. The ETA6021 allow the power MOSFET to turn on once the output voltage goes below the input voltage for the same 4-ms deglitch time.

### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



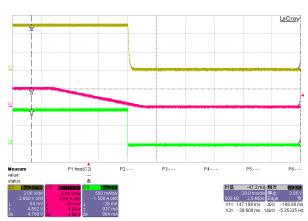


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

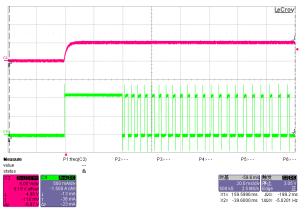


Turn on Delay and Rise time VIN=5V, RILIM=20K, ROUT=5 $\Omega$ 

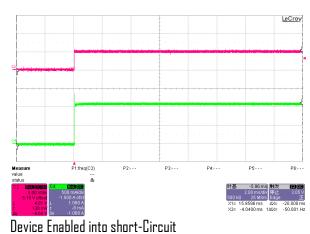
CHI: Output Voltage; CH2: Enabled pin Voltage; CH4: Input Curren CHI: Output Voltage; CH2: Enabled pin Voltage; CH4: Input Curren



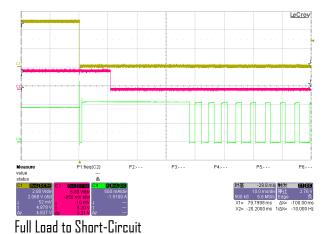
Turn off Delay and Fall Time VIN=5V, RILIM=20K, ROUT=5 $\Omega$ 



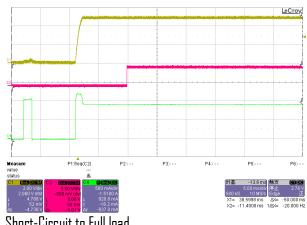
Device Enabled into short-Circuit VIN=5V, RILIM=20K, ROUT= $0\Omega$ CH2: Enabled pin Voltage; CH4: Input Current



VIN=5V, RILIM=20K, ROUT= $\Omega\Omega$ CH2: Enabled pin Voltage; CH4: Input Current



Short-Circuit to Full load VIN=5V, RILIM=20K

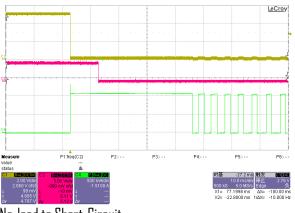


VIN=5V, RILIM=20K

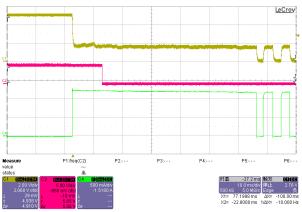
# ETA6021



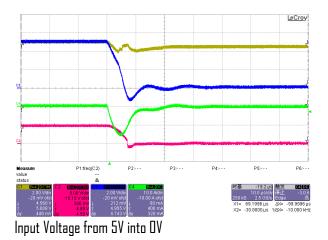
CH1: Output Voltage; CH4: Input Current



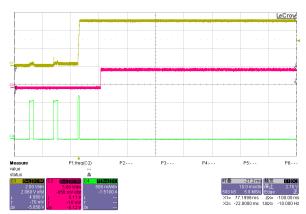
No-load to Short-Circuit VIN=5V, RILIM=20K CHI: Output Voltage; CH4: Input Current



No-load to 1 Ω-load VIN=5V,RILIM=20K CH1: Output Voltage; CH4: Input Current

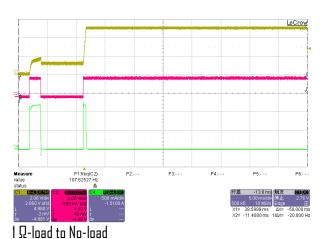


CH1: Output Voltage;CH4: Input Current

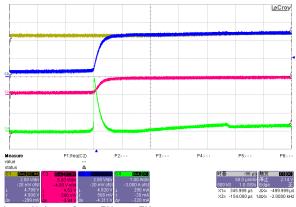


Short-Circuit to No-load VIN=5V,RILIM=20K

CH1: Output Voltage; CH4: Input Current



VIN=5V,RILIM=20K CHI: Output Voltage; CH4: Input Current



Input Voltage from DV into 5V

# ETA6021



VOUT=5V, RILIM=20K, ROUT=10Ω

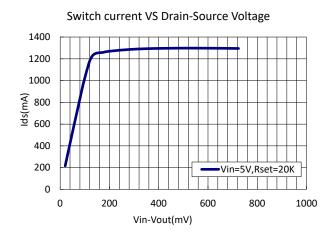
CHI: Output Voltage;

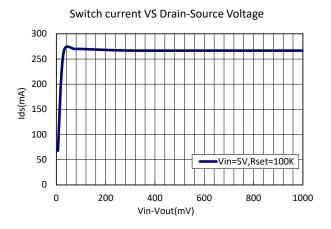
CH3: Input Voltage; CH4: Input Current

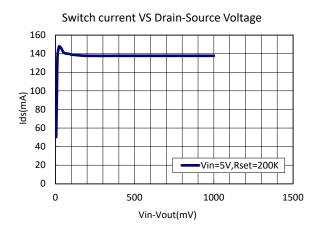
VOUT=5V, RILIM=20K, ROUT=10 $\Omega$ 

CHI: Output Voltage;

CH3: Input Voltage; CH4: Input Current









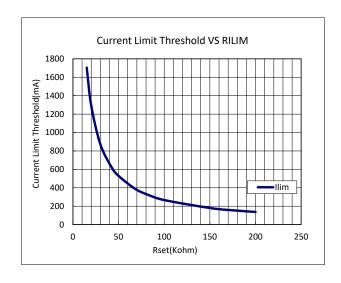
## APPLICATION INFORMATION

### INPUT OUTPUT CAPACITANCE

Input and output capacitance improves the performance of the device; the actual capacitance should be optimized for the particular application. For all applications, a 4.7µF or greater ceramic bypass capacitor between IN and GND is recommended as close to the device as possible for local noise de-coupling. This precaution reduces ringing on the input due to power-supply transients. Additional input capacitance may be needed on the input to reduce voltage overshoot from exceeding the absolute maximum voltage of the device during heavy transient conditions. This is especially important during bench testing when long, inductive cables are used to connect the evaluation board to the bench power-supply. Placing a high-value electrolytic capacitor on the output pin is recommended when large transient currents are expected on the output.

#### SETTING THE CURRENT LIMIT THRESHOLD

$R_{\text{ILIM}}$ ( $K\Omega$ )	Typical Current Limit (mA)
200	138
180	152
151	179
100	266
82	324
68	389
51	520
43	612
30	873
20	1295
15.1	1705



#### POWER DISSIPATION

During normal operation as a switch, the power dissipated in the part will depend upon the level at which the current limit is set. The maximum allowed setting for the current limit is 1A and this will result in a power dissipation of,

$$P = (ILIM)^2 \times RDS = (1)^2 \times 0.10 = 100 \text{mW}$$

If the part goes into current limit the maximum power dissipation will occur when the output is shorted to ground. This is more power than the package can dissipate, but the thermal shutdown of the part will activate to protect the part from damage due to excessive heating. A short on the output will cause the part to operate in a constant current state dissipating a worst case power of,

$$P(max) = VIN(max) \times ILIM(max) = 5.5 \times 1 = 5.5W$$

This large amount of power will activate the thermal shutdown and the part will cycle in and out of thermal shutdown so long as the ON pin is active and the short is present.



# PACKAGE OUTLINE

