

Precision Load Switch with Adjustable Current Limit

DESCRIPTION

The ETA6020 is a load switch which provides full protection to systems and loads which may encounter large current conditions, ETA6020 offers a 95mΩ current-limited switch which can operate over an input voltage range of 2.5-5.5V. The current limit can be externally programmed by a precision resistor, ranges from 75mA to 1.7A. Switch control is by a logic input (EN) capable of interfacing directly with low voltage control signals. Current is prevented from flowing when the switch is off and the output voltage is higher than the input voltage. ETA6020 also features thermal shutdown protection which shuts off the switch to prevent damage to the part when a continuous over-current condition causes excessive heating. When the switch current reaches the current limit, the parts operate in a constantcurrent mode to prohibit excessive currents from causing damage. The ETA6020 will not turn off after a current limit fault, but will rather remain in the constant current mode indefinitely. The n FAULT output asserts low during overcurrent and reverse-voltage conditions.

ETA6020 is housed in a tiny DFN2x2-6L package

APPLICATION

- USB ports/Hubs
- Hot Swaps
- Cellphones
- Tablet PC
- Set Top Box
- PC motherboard
- Handheld Devices

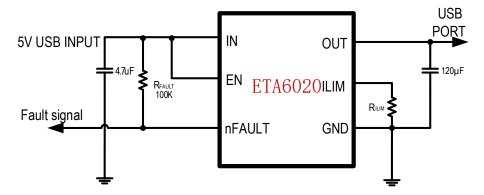
FEATURES

- Up to 1.5A Max Load current
- Accurate Current-limit threshold: +/-5%
- Programmable Current-limit : 75mA to 1.7A
- Fast Over-Current Response
- Fault Flag Output: n FAULT Pin
- Reversed Current blocking
- Thermal Shutdown, UVLO protection
- Tiny DFN2x2-6L Package

ORDERING INFORMATION

PART	PACKAGE PIN	TOP MARK		
ETA6020D2G	DFN2x2-6	BDYW		
ETA6020S2G	S0T2x3-6	L Date Code		
		Product Number		

TYPICAL APPLICATION

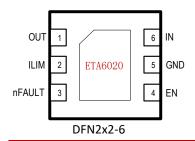


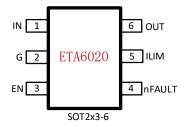
<u>www.ETAsolution.com</u>

Outperform with Efficiency



PIN CONFIGURATION





ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Note: Exceeding these limits may damage the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for long periods may affect device reliability.)

IN to GND	0.3V to 6V
OUT, ILIM, nFAULT, EN to GND	0.3V to VIN+0.3V
OUT to GND Current	Internally limited
Maximum Power Dissipation	1.DW
Operating Temperature Range	40°C to 85°C
Storage Temperature Range	55°C to 150°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{IN} = 5V, unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at TA = 25°C.)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Voltage Range		2.5		5.5	V
Input UVLO	Rising, Hysteresis=25mV		2.35		V
Input Supply Current	R _{ILIM} =20K		120		μА
Input Shutdown Current			0.5	1.5	μА
Input Voltage Range Input UVLO Input Supply Current Input Shutdown Current Power Switch On Resistance Current limit Threshold Response time to Short-circuit Reverse-voltage Threshold Reverse Leakage Current EN Input Logic High threshold EN Input Logic Low threshold N FAULT Output Low Voltage N FAULT Output Leakage	I _{SW} =500mA		95		mΩ
	I _{SW} =500mA, -40°C≤T _J ≤120°C			145	mΩ
	R _{ILIM} =15K		1.705		A
Current limit Threshold	R _{ILIM} =20K		1.295		Α
	R _{ILIM} =49.9K		0.525		Α
Response time to Short-circuit			1		μS
Reverse-voltage Threshold	V _{DUT} -V _{IN}		150		mV
Reverse Leakage Current	V _{DUT} =5.5V,Vin=DV,V _{EN} =High		0.5	2	μΑ
EN Input Logic High threshold	V FAULT=5.5V			1	V
EN Input Logic Low threshold		0.66			V
N FAULT Output Low Voltage	In FAULT =1mA		70	170	тV
N FAULT Output Leakage				1	μΑ
- [A] T D :+- - T:	De-assertion due to Over-current		9 40		- M S
n rauli degillen lime	De-assertion due to Reverse-Voltage	4.5		IN D	
Thermal Shutdown			160		° C
Thermal Shutdown In Current Limit			135		° C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis			15		о C



PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN#	NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	OUT	Current limit Output. Bypass with a capacitor that is greater than $120\mu F$ if used for USB
2	ILIM	Current limit threshold setting pin. Connect a resistor from this pin to GND to set different current limit values
3	N FAULT	Fault flagging pin. Connect a pull up resistor to IN, when in fault conditions, this pin is asserted low
4	EN	Enable pin
5	GND	Ground
6	IN	Power input. Bypass with a $4.7\mu F$ capacitor to GND

FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

The ETA6020 is a load switch which provides full protection to systems and loads which may encounter large current conditions. ETA6020 offers a $95 \mathrm{m}\Omega$ current-limited switch which can operate over an input voltage range of 2.5-5.5V. The current limit can be externally programmed by a precision resistor, ranges from 75mA to 1.7A. ETA6020 also features reverse voltage blocking, UVLO, and thermal shutdown to protect IC from overheating. An n FAULT flag output provides a pull-down signal to indicate fault conditions.

CURRENT LIMITING

The current limit ensures that the current through the switch doesn't exceed a maximum value while not limiting at less than a minimum value. The current at which the parts will limit is adjustable through the selection of an external resistor connected to ILIM. Information for selecting the resistor is found in the Application Info section. ETA6020 thermal cycles if an overload condition is present long enough to activate thermal limiting in any of the above cases. The device turns off when the junction temperature exceeds 135°C (t y p) while in current limit. The device remains off until the junction temperature cools 10°C (t y p) and then restarts

REVERSE-VOLTAGE BLOCKING

The reverse-voltage protection feature turns off the Power MOSFET whenever the output voltage exceeds the input voltage by 150 mV (t y p) for 4-ms (t y p). This prevents

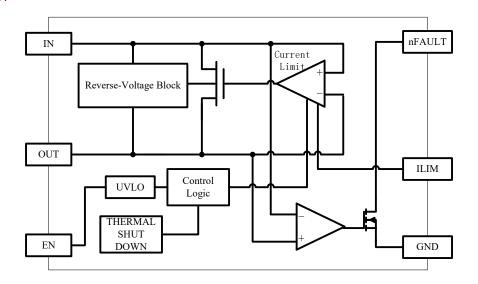
damage to devices on the input side of the ETA6020 by preventing significant current from sinking into the input capacitance. The ETA6020 allow the power MOSFET to turn on once the output voltage goes below the input voltage for the same 4-ms deglitch time. The reverse-voltage condition also asserts the n FAULT output (active-low) after 4-ms. During "OFF" condition, the reverse-voltage blocking function is still in effect, preventing any current floating from OUT to IN even when the device is not in use.

N FAULT FLAG

The FAULT open-drain output is asserted (active low) during an overcurrent, over temperature or reverse-voltage condition. The ETA6020 asserts the FAULT signal until the fault condition is removed and the device resumes normal operation. The n FAULT signal is de-asserted once device power is cycled or the enable is toggled and the device resumes normal operation. The ETA6020 and ETA6020is designed to eliminate false n FAULT reporting by using an internal delay "deglitch" circuit for overcurrent (9-ms t y p) and reverse-voltage (4.5-ms t y p) conditions without the need for external circuitry. This ensures that n FAULT is not accidentally asserted due to normal operation such as starting into a heavy capacitive load. The deglitching circuitry delays entering and leaving fault conditions. Over temperature conditions are not deglitched and assert the n FAULT signal immediately.

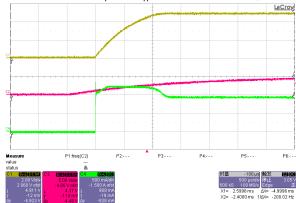


BLOCK DIAGRAM

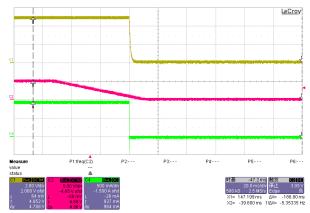


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{IN} = 5V, unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at TA = 25°C.)$

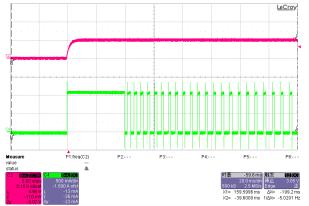


Turn on Delay and Rise time VIN=5V, RILIM=20K, ROUT=5 Ω



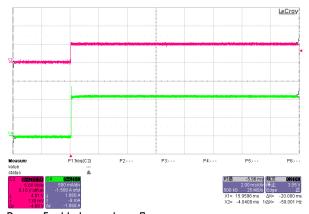
Turn off Delay and Fall Time VIN=5V, RILIM=20K, ROUT=5Ω

CHI: Output Voltage; CH2: Enabled pin Voltage; CH4: Input Curren CHI: Output Voltage; CH2: Enabled pin Voltage; CH4: Input Curren



Device Enabled into short-Circuit VIN=5V, RILIM=20K, ROUT=0Ω

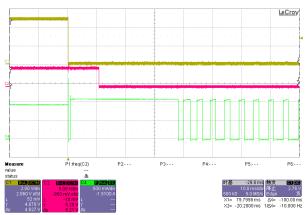
CH2: Enabled pin Voltage; CH4: Input Current



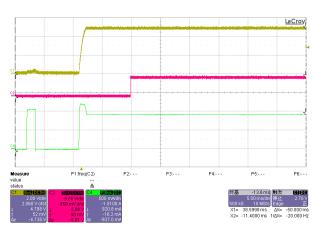
Device Enabled into short-Circuit VIN=5V, RILIM=20K, ROUT=0Ω

CH2: Enabled pin Voltage; CH4: Input Current



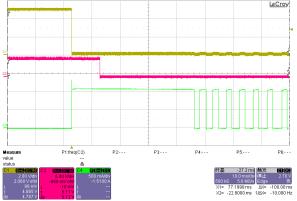


Full Load to Short-Circuit VIN=5V, RILIM=20K



Short-Circuit to Full load VIN=5V, RILIM=20K

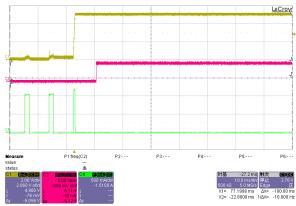
CHI: Output Voltage; CH2: n Fault pin Voltage; CH4: Input Current CHI: Output Voltage; CH2: n Fault pin Voltage; CH4: Input Current



No-load to Short-Circuit VIN=5V, RILIM=20K

CH1: Output Voltage; CH2: n FAULT pin Voltage;

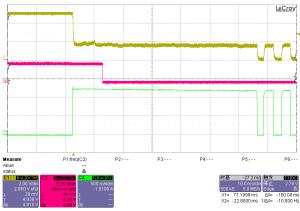
CH4: Input Current



Short-Circuit to No-load VIN=5V,RILIM=20K

CHI: Output Voltage;

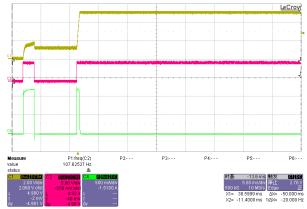
CH2: n FAULT pin Voltage; CH4: Input Current



No-load to 1 Ω-load VIN=5V,RILIM=20K

CH1: Output Voltage; CH2: n FAULT pin Voltage

CH4: Input Current

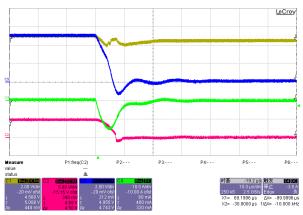


1 Ω-load to No-load VIN=5V,RILIM=20K

CH1: Output Voltage; CH2: n FAULT pin Voltage

CH4: Input Current

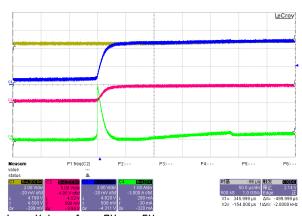




Input Voltage from 5V into 0V VOUT=5V, RILIM=20K, ROUT=10Ω

CH1: Output Voltage; CH2: n FAULT pin Voltage

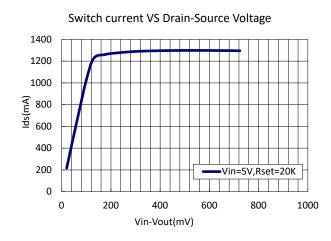
CH3: Input Voltage; CH4: Input Current

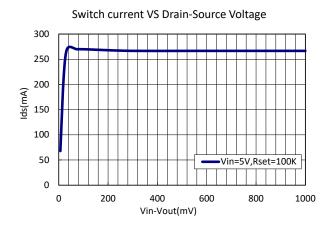


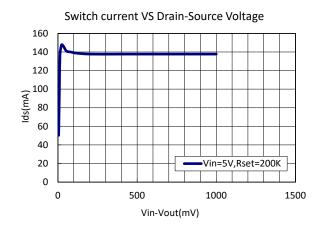
Input Voltage from OV into 5V VOUT=5V, RILIM=20K, ROUT=10Ω

CHI: Output Voltage; CH2: n FAULT pin Voltage

CH3: Input Voltage; CH4: Input Current









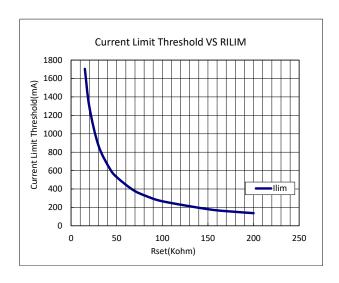
APPLICATION INFORMATION

INPUT OUTPUT CAPACITANCE

Input and output capacitance improves the performance of the device; the actual capacitance should be optimized for the particular application. For all applications, a 4.7µF or greater ceramic bypass capacitor between IN and GND is recommended as close to the device as possible for local noise de-coupling. This precaution reduces ringing on the input due to power-supply transients. Additional input capacitance may be needed on the input to reduce voltage overshoot from exceeding the absolute maximum voltage of the device during heavy transient conditions. This is especially important during bench testing when long, inductive cables are used to connect the evaluation board to the bench power-supply. Placing a high-value electrolytic capacitor on the output pin is recommended when large transient currents are expected on the output.

SETTING THE CURRENT LIMIT THRESHOLD

R_{ILIM} ($K\Omega$)	Typical Current Limit (mA)
200	138
180	152
151	179
100	266
82	324
68	389
51	520
43	612
30	873
20	1295
15.1	1705



POWER DISSIPATION

During normal operation as a switch, the power dissipated in the part will depend upon the level at which the current limit is set. The maximum allowed setting for the current limit is 1A and this will result in a power dissipation of,

$$P = (ILIM)^2 \times RDS = (1)^2 \times 0.10 = 100 \text{mW}$$

If the part goes into current limit the maximum power dissipation will occur when the output is shorted to ground. This is more power than the package can dissipate, but the thermal shutdown of the part will activate to protect the part from damage due to excessive heating. A short on the output will cause the part to operate in a constant current state dissipating a worst case power of,

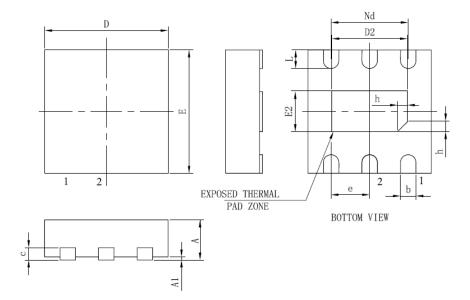
$$P(max) = VIN(max) \times ILIM(max) = 5.5 \times 1 = 5.5W$$

This large amount of power will activate the thermal shutdown and the part will cycle in and out of thermal shutdown so long as the ON pin is active and the short is present.



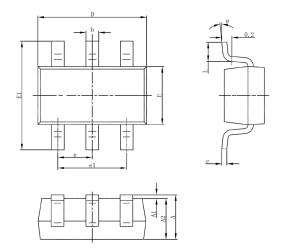
PACKAGE OUTLINE

DFN22-6



SYMBOL	MILLIMETER			
	MIN	NOM	MAX	
A	0.70	0.75	0.80	
A1	_	0.02	0.05	
ь	0. 25	0.30	0.35	
С	0.18	0.20	0.25	
D	1.95	2.00	2.05	
D2	1.00	_	1.45	
e	0. 65BSC 1. 30BSC			
Nd				
E	1.95	2.00	2.05	
E2	0.50		0.85	
L	0.25	0.30	0.40	
h	0.10	0.15	0.20	

SOT23-6



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Α	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049	
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045	
b	0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020	
С	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008	
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119	
E	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067	
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116	
е	0.950(BSC)		0.037(BSC)		
e1	1.800	2.000	0.071	0.079	
L	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024	
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°	